

Mobile Food Preparation Vehicles

Inspection Requirements

Food Vendor:	Owner's Name:
Address:	Phone & Email:
Permit #: FT-24-xxxx	
Inspected By:	

Food Vendor Inspections

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS	COMPLIANCE
<p>Ensure there is no public seating within the mobile food truck:</p> <p>CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.3.2: Seating for the public shall not be located within any mobile or temporary cooking vehicle.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA</p>
<p>Check that there is a clearance of at least 10 ft away from buildings, structures, vehicles, and any combustible materials. (CSFPC: 50.8.2.1: Separation) (Inform Vehicle Owner of this requirement).</p> <p><u>NFPA 96: 17.2: Location of Mobile and Temporary Cooking Operations.</u></p> <p><u>NFPA 96: 17.2.1: Relative to Buildings:</u> Mobile or temporary cooking operations shall be separated from the entrances and other exits of buildings or structures, combustible materials, vehicles, and other cooking operations by a clear space distance of 10 ft (3 m).</p> <p><u>NFPA 96: 17.2.2: Relative to Other Mobile or Temporary Cooking:</u> Mobile or temporary cooking operations shall be separated from other mobile or temporary cooking operations by a clear distance of 10 ft (3 m).</p> <p><u>NFPA 96: 17.2.3: Stabilization:</u> When the mobile unit is parked, the vehicle shall be stabilized so that it will not move, either by jacking the vehicle or placing wheel chocks around the wheels.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA</p>
Ensure Proper Safety Training:	

<p>NFPA 96: 17.10.1: Prior to performing cooking operations, one worker shall be provided with initial training in emergency response procedures include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Using portable fire extinguishers and extinguishing systems. - Shutting off fuel sources. - Notifying the local fire department. - Refueling internal combustion engine power sources and LP-Gas container change out. - Performing leak detection of LP-Gas. - Understanding fuel properties. 	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA
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FIRE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT	COMPLIANCE
<p>Check that appliances using combustible media are protected by an approved fire extinguishing equipment and/or system.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA
<p>CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.5.1.2*: Cooking equipment that produces grease-laden vapors shall be protected by a fire-extinguishing system for the protection of grease removal devices, hood exhaust plenums, and exhaust duct systems.</p>	
<p>NFPA 96: 10.1.2: Cooking equipment that produces grease-laden vapors and that might be a source of ignition of grease in the hood, grease removal device, or duct shall be protected by fire-extinguishing equipment.</p>	
<p>NFPA 96: 15.7.1: Solid fuel cooking appliances that produce grease-laden vapors shall be protected by listed fire-extinguishing equipment.</p>	
<p>CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.2.2.2*: Automatic fire extinguishing systems shall comply with UL 300 or other equivalent standards and shall be installed in accordance with the terms of their listing and NFPA 17A.</p>	
<p>*Examples of cooking equipment that produce grease-laden vapors include, but are not limited to, deep fat fryers, ranges, griddles, broilers, woks, tilting skillets, and braising pans.</p>	
<p>Verify that the fuel and electric power shuts off when fire-extinguishing system activates.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NA
<p>CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.5.3.1: Upon actuation of any fire-extinguishing system for a cooking operation, all sources of fuel and electric power that produce heat to all equipment protected by the system shall automatically shut off.</p>	

Verify portable fire extinguishers have been selected and installed in kitchen cooking areas in accordance with NFPA 10.

Yes No NA

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.5.7.2: Class K fire extinguishers shall be provided for cooking appliance hazards that involve combustible cooking media (vegetable oils and animal oils and fats).

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.5.7.4: Portable fire extinguishers shall be provided for other hazards in kitchen areas and shall be selected and installed in accordance with Section 13.6. (Ex. Dry-Chemical extinguisher).

Verify fire-extinguishing system has had the required Semi-Annual Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance.

Yes No NA

NFPA 17A: 8.3.2*: A service technician who has the applicable manufacturer’s design, installation, and maintenance manual and service bulletins shall service the wet chemical fire-extinguishing system at intervals of no more than 6 months as outlined in 8.3.3.

Verify fire extinguishers have had the required Annual Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance.

Yes No NA

NFPA 10: 7.3.2: Annual External Examination of all Extinguishers:

NFPA 10: 7.3.2.1: Physical Condition: An annual external visual examination of all fire extinguishers shall be made to detect obvious physical damage, corrosion, or nozzle blockage to verify that the operating instructions are present, legible, and facing forward, and that the HMIS information is present and legible, and to determine if a 6-year interval examination or hydrostatic test is due.

NFPA 10: 7.3.2.5: Corrective Action: When an external examination of any fire extinguisher reveals a deficiency, immediate corrective action shall be taken.

NFPA 10: 7.3.3: Annual Internal Examination of Certain Types of Extinguishers:

NFPA 10: 7.3.3.1*: Maintenance Intervals: Fire extinguishers shall be internally examined at intervals not exceeding those specified in Table 7.3.3.1.

Table 7.3.3.1 Maintenance Involving Internal Examination

Extinguisher Type	Internal Examination Interval (years)
Wet chemical	5

Dry powder, stored-pressure, with mild steel shells

6

PORTABLE GENERATORS

COMPLIANCE

Generators:

Yes No NA

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.5.4: Non-Vehicle Mounted Generators: Generator units that are not vehicle-mounted while in use shall meet the requirements of 50.8.5.4.1 through 50.8.5.4.3.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.5.4.1: Internal combustion engine power sources shall be located at least 12 ft from mobile or temporary cooking operations.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.5.4.3: Internal combustion engine power sources shall be positioned so that the exhaust complies with the following:

- 1- Located at least 12 ft from openings, air intakes, and means of egress.
- 2- In a position pointed away from any building.
- 3- In a position pointed away from any mobile or temporary cooking operations.

Yes No NA

LP-GAS SYSTEMS & TANKS

COMPLIANCE

LP-Gas Systems:

Yes No NA

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.7.1.1: LP-Gas cylinders shall be secured in an upright position.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.7.2.2: Equipment installed on vehicles shall be protected against vehicular damage as provided for container appurtenances and connections in 50.8.7.4.7.5.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.7.4.6: The LP-Gas supply system, including the containers, shall be installed either on the outside of the vehicle or in a recess or cabinet vaportight

to the inside of the vehicle but accessible from and vented to the outside, with the vents located near the top and bottom of the enclosure and 3 ft horizontally away from any opening into the vehicle below the level of the vents.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.7.4.3.2: LP-Gas containers installed on vehicles shall not exceed 200-gal aggregated water capacity. (2 containers).

CO Detectors:

Yes No NA

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.8.9: If the heat source in nonelectric and open flames are used, at least one listed carbon monoxide detector shall be installed.

Deep-Fat Fryer Separation:

Yes No NA

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.7.1.2.4: All deep-fat fryers shall be installed at least a 16 in. space between the fryer and surface flames from adjacent cooking equipment.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 50.7.1.2.5: Where a steel or tempered glass baffle plate is installed at a minimum 8 in. in height between the fryer and surface flames of the adjacent appliance, the requirement for a 16 in. space shall not apply.

Solid Fuel

COMPLIANCE

(Where Wood, Charcoal, Or Other Solid Fuel Is Used)

Fuel is not stored above any heat-producing appliance or vent.

Yes No NA

NFPA 96: 15.9.2.2: Fuel shall not be stored above any heat-producing appliance or vent or closer than 3 feet to any portion of a solid fuel appliance constructed of metal or to any other cooking appliance that could ignite the fuel.

Fuel is not stored near any combustible flammable liquids, ignition sources, chemicals, and food supplies and packaged goods.

Yes No NA

NFPA 96: 15.9.2.7: Fuel shall be separated from all flammable liquids, all ignition sources, all chemicals, and all food supplies and packaging goods.

Fuel is not stored in the path of the ash removal or near removed ashes.

Yes No NA

NFPA 96: 15.9.2.4: Fuel shall not be stored in the path of the ash removal.

Ash, cinders, and other fire debris should be removed from the firebox at regular intervals and at least once a day.

Yes No NA

NFPA 96: 15.9.3.6.1: Ash, cinders, and other fire debris shall be removed from the firebox at regular intervals to prevent interference with the draft to the fire and to minimize the length of time the access door is open.

Removed ashes, cinders, and other removed fire debris should be placed in a closed, metal container.

Yes No NA

NFPA 96: 15.9.3.8.1: A heavy metal container or cart (minimum 16 gauge) with a cover shall be provided for the removal of ash.

GENERAL INFORMATION

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 1.12: Permits:

1.12.6.1: A permit shall be predicated upon compliance with the requirements of this code and shall constitute written authority issued by the AHJ to maintain, store, use, or handle materials; to conduct processes that could produce conditions hazardous to life or property; or to install equipment used in connection with such activities.

1.12.6.3: Where additional permits, approvals, certificates, or licenses are required by other agencies, approval shall be obtained from those other agencies.

1.12.6.4: The AHJ shall have the authority to require an inspection prior to the issuance of a permit.

1.12.6.5: A permit issued under this code shall continue until revoked or for the period of time designated on the permit.

1.12.6.6: The permit shall be issued to one person or business only and for the location or purpose described in the permit.

1.12.6.9: A copy of the permit shall be posted or otherwise readily accessible at each place of operation and shall be subject to inspection as specified by the AHJ.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 1.12.7: Revocation or Suspension of Permits:

1.12.7.1: The AHJ shall be permitted to revoke or suspend a permit or approval issued if any violation of this code is found upon inspection or in case any false statements or misrepresentations have been submitted in the application or plans on which the permit or approval was based.

1.12.7.2: Revocation or suspension shall be constituted when the permittee is duly notified by the AHJ.

1.12.7.3: Any person who engages in any business, operation, or occupation, or uses any premises, after the permit issued therefore has been suspended or revoked pursuant to the provisions of this code, and before such suspended permit has been reinstated or a new permit issued, shall be in violation of this code.

CSFPC: NFPA 1: 1.16.5: Abatement: Refer to section 29-291c of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Sec. 29-291c. State Fire Prevention Code and Fire Safety Code: Abatement of certain conditions, injunction, citation, penalties. (a) When the State Fire Marshal or a local fire marshal ascertains that there exists in any building, or upon any premises, a condition that violates the State Fire Prevention Code or Fire Safety Code, the State Fire Marshal or local fire marshal shall order such condition remedied by the owner or occupant of such building or premises. Any such remedy shall be in conformance with all building codes, ordinances, rules and regulations of the municipality involved. Such owner or occupant shall be subject to the penalties prescribed by subsection (e) of this section and, in addition, may be fined fifty dollars a day for each day's continuance of each violation, to be recovered in a proper action in the name of the state.

(b) Upon failure of an owner or occupant to abate or remedy a violation pursuant to subsection (a) of this section within a reasonable period of time specified by the State Fire Marshal or the local fire marshal, the local fire marshal shall promptly notify, in writing, the prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction in the municipality in which such violation or condition exists of all of the relevant facts. The local fire marshal may request the chief executive officer, any official of the municipality authorized to institute actions on behalf of the municipality in which the hazard exists or the State Fire Marshal, to apply to any court of equitable jurisdiction for an injunction against such owner or occupant for the purpose of closing or restricting from public service or use the place or premises containing the violation or condition until the violation or condition has been remedied, or the State Fire Marshal may apply for such an injunction without such request.

(c) The State Fire Marshal or any local fire marshal empowered to enforce the State Fire Prevention Code or Fire Safety Code may, as an alternative to issuing an order pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, give the owner or occupant a written citation for any violation of the applicable code. No such citation may be issued if the owner or occupant has been previously issued a citation for the same violation by the State Fire Marshal or the local fire marshal within six months prior to the current violation. Such citation shall contain the name and address, if known, of the owner or occupant, the specific offense charged and the time and place of the violation. The citation shall be signed by the State Fire Marshal or local fire marshal and shall be signed by the owner or occupant in acknowledgment that such citation has been received. The State Fire Marshal or local fire marshal shall, if practicable, deliver a copy of the citation to the owner or occupant at the time and place of the violation or shall use some other reasonable means of notification. Any person who is issued a citation for violation of any provision of the State Fire Prevention Code or Fire Safety Code in accordance with this subsection shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars.

(d) If a local fire marshal issues a citation pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the state shall remit to the municipalities in which the violations occurred ninety per cent of the proceeds of the fine and shall remit to the State Treasurer the remaining ten per cent. If the State Fire Marshal issues a citation pursuant to said subsection, the state shall remit to the State Treasurer the entire proceeds of the fine. Each clerk of the Superior Court or the Chief Court Administrator, on or before the thirtieth day of January, April, July and October in each year, shall certify to the Comptroller the amount due for the previous quarter under this subsection to each municipality served by the office of the clerk or official.

(e) In addition to the fine prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, any person who violates any provision of the State Fire Prevention Code or Fire Safety Code shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars or be imprisoned not more than six months, or both.